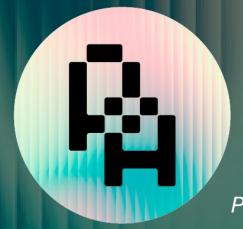
From Events to Identity: The Effectiveness of Investigate Interviewing Principles in Identity-based Asylum Claims

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Psychology at the Frontiers: Asylum Interviewing and Decision Making [Psych-AID]

Assessing Asylum Claims



"A person who "owing to well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion, is outside the country of [their] nationality and is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail [themself] of the protection of that country."

Importance of asylum interview!

The Complexity of Human Identity

Coherent sense of self-sameness

Multiple perspectives:

- Visible vs nonvisible traits
- Assigned vs chosen traits
- Social identity vs personal identity

Reconstructive nature

Experienced, expressed and presented differently in different contexts

Cultural differences

Difficult to disclose

Are the investigative interviewing principles applied to gather information in asylum contexts efficient in obtaining disclosures regarding identity?

As a starting point, yes.

What specific considerations and adaptions are needed?

Pre-interview planning

Rapport-building

Ground rules and expectation management

Questioning strategies

Pre-interview planning

Aim

- Reduce errors and bias
- Based on already known case information

Asylum interviews

- Physical, mental, case-related arrangements
- Issues: Lack of time and information

Key challenges

- Personal characteristics of interviewer and interpreter
- Interview content not based on Western stereotypes!

Rapport-building

Aim

Integral to eliciting disclosures!

Asylum interviews

 Lack of rapportbuilding skills

Key challenges

- Sensitive claims
- Distrust of authorities

Ground rules and expectation management

Aim

- Clarify rights & obligations
- Promote accurate reporting

Asylum interviews

- A lot of instructions, at times unclear instructions
- Lack of knowledge of social identity as a legal ground for asylum

Key challenges

 Timing, format and content of information about the legal grounds

Questioning strategies

Aim

- Open-ended questions
- Limited number of closed question for fact-checking

Asylum interviews

- Overreliance on closed questions
- Issues: difficulties in giving elaborate answers, difficulties in keeping focus

Key challenges

- How to direct applicants without imposing Western stereotypes?
- Effectiveness of memory-retrieval techniques?

Next steps?

How to create an interview setting and atmosphere that facilitates disclosures – preparation, rapport- and trust building, ground rules and expectation setting?

How to prepare the interview strategy and conduct interviews without directing the applicant toward topics that are based on Western stereotypes?

What specific questioning techniques are suitable for eliciting detailed accounts about identity-related topics?

Thank you for your attention!



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